Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

September 30, 2022 and 2021

Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Financial Statements	
Balance Sheets	14
Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	15
Statements of Cash Flows	16
Notes to Financial Statements	18
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Changes in the District's Net Pension (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios	61
Schedule of District Pension Contributions	62
Supplementary Information	
Combining Schedule – Balance Sheet Information	63
Combining Schedule – Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes	
in Net Position Information	65



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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Managers Tarrant County Hospital District d/b/a JPS Health Network Fort Worth, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Tarrant County Hospital District d/b/a JPS Health Network (District), a component unit of Tarrant County, Texas, as of and for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District, as of September 30, 2022 and 2021, and the changes in financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, on October 1, 2021, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair



Board of Managers Tarrant County Hospital District d/b/a JPS Health Network Page 2

presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the
 aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going
 concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Board of Managers Tarrant County Hospital District d/b/a JPS Health Network Page 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and pension information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other balance sheets and statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position combining information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion on it or provide any assurance on it.

FORVIS, LLP

Dallas, Texas December 16, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
Years Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

Introduction

This management's discussion and analysis of the financial performance of Tarrant County Hospital District d/b/a JPS Health Network (District) provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021. It should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements of the District. Unless otherwise indicated, amounts are in thousands.

The 2020 balances included in this management discussion and analysis have not been restated to reflect the adoption of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, that was adopted by the District on October 1, 2021 and presented retrospectively to October 1, 2020.

Financial Highlights

- Cash (excluding restricted cash), short-term investments, and other noncurrent investments increased in 2022 by \$114,522, or 13.5 percent, and increased in 2021 by \$128,360, or 13.6 percent.
- The District's net position increased in 2022 by \$112,616, or 8.2 percent, and increased in 2021 by \$327,104, or 31.0 percent.
- The District reported operating losses in both 2022 (\$399,108) and 2021 (\$244,787). The loss in 2022 increased by \$154,321, or 63.0 percent, as compared to the operating loss reported in 2021. The loss in 2021 decreased by \$32,393, or 11.7 percent, as compared to the operating loss reported in 2020.
- Net nonoperating revenues decreased by \$60,395, or 10.6 percent, in 2022 compared to 2021 and increased by \$96,245, or 20.2 percent, in 2021 compared to 2020.

Using This Annual Report

The District's financial statements consist of three statements—a balance sheet; a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position; and a statement of cash flows. These statements provide information about the activities of the District, including resources held by the District but restricted for specific purposes by creditors, contributors, grantors or enabling legislation. The District is accounted for as a business-type activity and presents its financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
Years Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

One of the most important questions asked about any hospital's finances is "Is the hospital as a whole better or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position report information about the District's resources and its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all restricted and unrestricted assets, all liabilities, and all deferred inflows and outflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting. Using the accrual basis of accounting means that all of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in it. The District's total net position—the difference between assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources—is one measure of the District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the District's patient base, changes in legislation and regulations, measures of the quantity and quality of services provided to its patients, and local economic factors should also be considered to assess the overall financial health of the District.

The Statement of Cash Flows

The statement of cash flows reports cash receipts, cash payments and net changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from four defined types of activities. It provides answers to such questions as: "Where did cash come from?" "What was cash used for?" and "What was the change in cash and cash equivalents during the reporting period?"

The District's Net Position

The District's net position is the difference between its assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources reported in the balance sheets. The District's net position increased by \$112,616, or 8.2 percent, in 2022 over 2021 and increased by \$327,104, or 31.0 percent, in 2021 over 2020, as shown in *Table 1*.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
Years Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

Table 1: Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position

	2021						
	2022	(As Restated)	2020				
Assets							
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	\$ 998,473	\$ 967,874	\$ 752,791				
Patient accounts receivable, net	67,835	76,724	57,685				
Other current assets	160,306	196,616	91,581				
Capital assets, net	233,153	243,611	250,568				
Net pension asset	26,266	-	-				
Other noncurrent assets	262,517	248,158	231,684				
Total assets	1,748,550	1,732,983	1,384,309				
Deferred Outflows of Resources	34,982	38,522	28,834				
Total assets and deferred							
outflows of resources	\$ 1,783,532	\$ 1,771,505	\$ 1,413,143				
Liabilities							
Long-term debt	\$ 19,441	\$ 24,764	\$ 29,991				
Net pension liability	-	23,946	11,722				
Other current and noncurrent liabilities	223,172	339,576	312,058				
Total liabilities	242,613	388,286	353,771				
Deferred Inflows of Resources	46,957	1,873	5,130				
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets	206,107	211,807	213,509				
Restricted expendable	3,075	3,646	3,655				
Restricted nonexpendable	395	403	387				
Restricted for pension	26,266	-	-				
Unrestricted	1,258,119	1,165,490	836,691				
Total net position	1,493,962	1,381,346	1,054,242				
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources and net position	\$ 1,783,532	\$ 1,771,505	\$ 1,413,143				

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
Years Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

The most significant changes in the District's assets in 2022 are the increases in both current and noncurrent cash and investments. Cash and investments (excluding restricted cash) increased by \$114,522, or 13.5 percent, in 2022. Restricted cash, related to the District's role in the Local Provider Participation Fund (LPPF) discussed more fully in *Note* 3, decreased by \$98,139, or 74.9 percent, due to the timing of required intergovernmental transfers associated with Medicaid supplemental payment programs as well as a decrease in cash from LPPF collections held in 2022. The supplemental Medicaid funding receivable decreased by \$44,590, or 31.5 percent, due to the timing of receipt of funding associated with these programs, which are discussed more fully in *Note* 3.

In addition, the District recognized a net pension asset of \$26,266 in 2022, as compared to a net pension liability of \$23,946 in 2021, due to positive plan asset performance in 2022 discussed more fully in *Note 14*.

The most significant change in the District's liabilities in 2022 is the decrease of the intergovernmental transfer obligation by \$98,129 related to the District's role in the LPPF. The decrease is the result of the timing of intergovernmental transfers. The District's liabilities were also impacted by the recoupment of \$37,225 of Medicare Advance Payments received in 2020. Provider Relief Funds and Medicare Advance Payments are discussed more fully in *Note 17*.

Deferred inflows of resources increased \$45,084, or 2,407 percent, in 2022 as compared to 2021, primarily due to the return on pension plan assets, discussed more fully in *Note 14*.

The most significant changes in the District's assets in 2021 were the increases in both current and noncurrent cash and investments. Cash and investments (excluding restricted cash) increased by \$128,360, or 13.6 percent, in 2021. Restricted cash, related to the District's role in the LPPF, increased by \$90,165, or 220.2 percent, due to the timing of required intergovernmental transfers associated with Medicaid supplemental payment programs as well as an increase in cash from LPPF collections held in 2021. The supplemental Medicaid funding receivable increased by \$88,919, or 169.6 percent, due to the timing of receipt of funding associated with these programs.

Deferred outflows of resources increased \$9,688, or 33.6 percent, in 2021 as compared to 2020, primarily due to a change in actuarial assumptions for the discount rate related to the measurement of the District's net pension liability.

The most significant change in the District's liabilities in 2021 is the increase of the intergovernmental transfer obligation by \$90,166 related to the District's role in the LPPF. The increase is the result of an increase in LPPF collections and the timing of intergovernmental transfers. The District's liabilities were also impacted by the 2021 recognition of \$87,429 in revenue from Provider Relief Funds received in 2020 and the recoupment of \$12,555 of Medicare Advance Payments received in 2020. Additionally, the net pension liability increased \$12,224 due to a reduction in the discount rate used to measure the net pension liability in 2021.

Deferred inflows of resources decreased \$4,381, or 84.5 percent, in 2021 as compared to 2020, primarily due to the return on pension assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
Years Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

Operating Results and Changes in the District's Net Position

In 2022, the District's change in net position was an increase of \$112,616, as shown in *Table 2*. This increase is made up of several components and represents a decrease of \$214,488 compared with the increase in net position for 2021 of \$327,104. The District's change in net position changed from an increase of \$198,891 in 2020 to an increase of \$327,104 in 2021.

Table 2: Operating Results and Changes in Net Position

	2022	2021 (As Restated)	2020		
Operating Revenues		•			
Net patient service revenue	\$ 639,967	\$ 635,685	\$ 505,724		
Supplemental Medicaid funding	229,605	251,763	264,698		
Other operating revenue	106,763	94,973	98,135		
Total operating revenues	976,335	982,421	868,557		
Operating Expenses					
Salaries and related expenses	830,418	713,282	679,862		
Purchased services and professional fees	205,057	199,303	180,252		
Supplies	241,055	215,652	196,295		
Depreciation and amortization	41,818	41,080	39,079		
Other operating expenses	57,095	57,891	50,249		
Total operating expenses	1,375,443	1,227,208	1,145,737		
Operating Loss	(399,108)	(244,787)	(277,180)		
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Property taxes	513,773	479,150	460,128		
Provider Relief Fund revenue	2,019	87,429	-		
Investment return, interest expense and other	(4,324)	5,284	15,490		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	511,468	571,863	475,618		
Income Before Capital Grants	112,360	327,076	198,438		
Capital Grants	256	28	453		
Increase in Net Position	\$ 112,616	\$ 327,104	\$ 198,891		

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
Years Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

Operating Losses

The first component of the overall change in the District's net position is its operating income or loss—generally, the difference between net patient service revenue, supplemental Medicaid funding revenue and other operating revenues and the expenses incurred to perform those services. In each of the past three years, the District has reported an operating loss. This is consistent with the District's recent operating history as the District was formed and is operated primarily to serve lower income residents of Tarrant County. The District levies property taxes to provide sufficient resources to enable the facility to serve lower income and other residents.

The operating loss for 2022 increased by \$154,321, or 63.0 percent, as compared to 2021. The primary components of the change are:

- An increase in net patient service revenue of \$4,282, or 0.7 percent
- A decrease in supplemental Medicaid funding of \$22,158, or 8.8 percent
- An increase in other operating revenue of \$11,790, or 12.4 percent
- An increase in salary and related expenses of \$117,136, or 16.4 percent
- An increase in purchased services and professional fees of \$5,754, or 2.9 percent
- An increase in supplies expense of \$25,403, or 11.8 percent
- An increase in other operating expenses of \$796, or 1.4 percent

The increase in net patient service revenue from 2022 is attributable to higher volumes but unfavorable reductions in reimbursement from Medicare and less relief from governmental programs associated with COVID-19, including the HRSA COVID-19 Uninsured Program.

The decrease in supplemental Medicaid funding is primarily due to a decrease in Delivery System Reform Incentive Payment (DSRIP) funding of \$46,567. See *Note* 3 for further discussion on the end of the DSRIP programs and the creation of new Medicaid directed payment programs which partially offset reduced DSRIP funding in 2022.

The increase in other operating revenue is related to an increase in drugs acquired through the Pharmacy Patient Assistance Program of \$11,733, or 30.0 percent, in 2022. There is a corresponding increase in supplies expense.

The increase in salary and related expenses is due to wage increases resulting from the impact of minimum wage increases and increased contract labor required to meet staffing needs.

The increase in supplies expense, purchased services and professional fees, and other operating expenses are related to increase in the cost of medical supplies and pharmaceuticals due to inflation and increased usage as well as an increase in outside physician services during 2022 as compared to 2021.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
Years Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

The operating loss for 2021 decreased by \$32,393, or 11.7 percent, as compared to 2020. The primary components of the change are:

- An increase in net patient service revenue of \$129,961, or 25.7 percent
- A decrease in supplemental Medicaid funding of \$12,935, or 4.9 percent
- A decrease in other operating revenue of \$3,162, or 3.2 percent
- An increase in salary and related expenses of \$33,420, or 4.9 percent
- An increase in purchased services and professional fees of \$19,051, or 10.6 percent
- An increase in supplies expense of \$19,357, or 9.9 percent
- An increase in other operating expenses of \$7,642, or 15.2 percent

The increase in net patient service revenue was primarily attributable to higher Medicare uncompensated care payments, patient claims reimbursement from governmental programs for COVID-19 relief, favorable payer mix, higher patient acuity and an increase in outpatient pharmacy revenue.

The decrease in supplemental Medicaid funding was primarily due to a decrease in Delivery System Reform Incentive Payment (DSRIP) funding of \$21,087.

The decrease in other operating revenue was related to a decrease in drugs acquired through the Pharmacy Patient Assistance Program of \$3,343, or 7.9 percent, in 2021. There was a corresponding decrease in supplies expense.

The increase in salary and related expenses was due to wage increases resulting from the impact of normal wage inflation, an increase in staff and provider full-time equivalents, and increased contract labor for pandemic staffing requirements.

The increase in supplies expense, purchased services and professional fees, and other operating expenses were related to an increase in medical supplies and pharmaceuticals due to increased usage as well as life safety/facility improvements and bond program management expenses during 2021 as compared to 2020.

Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Nonoperating revenues and expenses consist primarily of property taxes levied by the District, contributions and investment income, and interest expense. Nonoperating revenues and expense decreased \$60,395, or 10.6, percent from 2021 to 2022 and increased \$96,245, or 20.2, percent from 2020 to 2021.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
Years Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

The District did not increase tax rates in 2022 or 2021, but an increase in overall property values resulted in a net increase in property tax revenue of \$34,623, or 7.2 percent, from 2021 to 2022 and \$19,022 or 4.1 percent from 2020 to 2021.

In 2022, the District recognized \$2,019 of Provider Relief Fund revenue from the CARES Act as compared to \$87,429 in 2021. This funding is discussed more fully in *Note 17*.

The District's Cash Flows

Changes in the District's cash flows are consistent with changes in operating losses and nonoperating revenues and expenses for 2022, 2021, and 2020, as discussed previously.

Capital and Lease Assets and Debt Administration

Capital and Lease Assets

At the end of 2022, the District had \$233,153 invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and \$10,779 of lease assets, net of accumulated amortization, as detailed in *Note 7* to the financial statements. In 2022, the District purchased new capital assets costing \$27,436 and entered into new lease agreements with lease assets of \$2,947.

At the end of 2021, the District had \$243,611 invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and \$11,943 of lease assets, net of accumulated amortization, as detailed in *Note 7* to the financial statements. In 2021, the District purchased new capital assets costing \$31,243 and entered into new lease agreements with lease assets of \$1,533.

Debt

At September 30, 2022, the District had \$24,835 in revenue and general obligation refunding bonds and notes payable outstanding and \$11,060 in lease liabilities. The District's formal debt issuances, revenue bonds, are subject to limitations imposed by state law. There have been no changes in the District's debt ratings in the past four years. The District has a current Aa3 rating from Moody's and an AA rating from Standard & Poor's on the revenue bonds.

Other Economic Factors

Based on the recommendation of the District's Board of Managers (Board), the Tarrant County Commissioners Court set the property tax rate for fiscal year 2023 to \$0.224429 per \$100 valuation, which is the same property tax rate from fiscal year 2022.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
Years Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

The Board and management continue to monitor and consider many factors that have direct or indirect impact on future operations. These include:

- The Medicaid Section 1115(a) demonstration project and new directed payment programs
 could have a material impact on the District's funding for providing uncompensated care and
 funding for improvements in the design of the health care delivery system and associated
 outcomes
- Tarrant County's population growth, as well as continued growth in the number of uninsured, working poor, and medically indigent
- Continued growth in medical and pharmaceutical costs, as well as advances in therapies
- Continued advances in health care medical equipment and computing technology
- Continued utilization of telehealth for the care of the District's patients

Significant Financial Practices

The District maintains several financial practices designed to maintain its credit-worthiness and to position the District to carry out its defined mission of providing health care to the residents of Tarrant County, as well as its fiduciary responsibility to the taxpayers of Tarrant County. Those practices are as follows:

Investments Internally Designated for Capital Acquisition and Operating Activities

The Board sets aside funds for both long-term stability and capital improvements.

Monthly Financial Reporting

The Board meets monthly and reviews the financial statements from the prior month. This information is presented to show actual monthly and year-to-date revenues and expenses compared to budget and the prior year. Management provides explanation for significant variances.

Operating Cash Capital Funding

The District has maintained the practice to fund routine capital items from excess operating cash. This has been done to minimize borrowing costs as well as maintain financial flexibility.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
Years Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

Budget Process

The operating and capital budgets are proposed by the District's management and endorsed by the Board. Final approval is obtained from the Court. The budget remains in effect for the entire fiscal year.

Continued Operational Improvement

The District routinely assesses operational areas for opportunities to increase cash flow.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our readers with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions about this report and requests for additional financial information should be directed to the District's Financial Offices at 1500 South Main Street, Fort Worth, Texas 76104.

Balance Sheets September 30, 2022 and 2021

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	2022	2021 (As Restated)		
Current Assets		•	•	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 115,247	\$	198,051	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	32,975		131,114	
Short-term investments	850,251		638,709	
Patient accounts receivable, net	67,835		76,724	
Property taxes receivable, net	2,582		831	
Supplemental Medicaid funding receivable	96,769		141,359	
Internally designated for self-insurance, current portion	200		110	
Due from third-party payers	23,158		17,036	
Supplies inventory	15,738		15,119	
Prepaid expenses and other assets	 21,859		22,161	
Total current assets	 1,226,614		1,241,214	
Noncurrent Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments				
Internally designated for debt service	708		683	
Internally designated for self-insurance	12,603		12,755	
Restricted by donors for capital acquisitions and				
specific operating activities	2,800		3,491	
Internally designated for capital acquisitions and				
operating activities	232,519		215,677	
Noncurrent investments	 2,155		2,485	
Total noncurrent cash, cash equivalents				
and investments	 250,785		235,091	
Capital Assets, Net	 233,153		243,611	
Lease Assets, Net	 10,779		11,943	
Leases Receivable	 953		1,124	
Net Pension Asset	 26,266			
Total assets	1,748,550		1,732,983	
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension Related	 34,982		38,522	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1,783,532	\$	1,771,505	

Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position			2021 22 (As Restated)		
Current Liabilities			•		
Accounts payable	\$	79,415	\$ 64,552		
Accrued expenses		74,167	73,423		
Intergovernmental transfer obligation		33,024	131,153		
Due to third-party payers		300	300		
Medicare Advance Payments		-	37,225		
Current portion of lease liabilities		2,621	3,305		
Current portion of self-insurance costs		6,459	7,042		
Current maturities of long-term debt		5,297	5,167		
Total current liabilities		201,283	322,167		
Estimated Self-insurance Costs		2,099	1,825		
Lease Liabilities, Noncurrent		8,439	8,638		
Long-term Debt		19,441	24,764		
Net Pension Liability		-	23,946		
Other Long-term Liabilities		11,351	6,946		
Total liabilities		242,613	388,286		
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Pension related		46,027	749		
Leases		930	1,124		
Total deferred inflows of resources		46,957	1,873		
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets		206,107	211,807		
Restricted expendable		3,075	3,646		
Restricted nonexpendable		395	403		
Restricted for pension		26,266	-		
Unrestricted		1,258,119	1,165,490		
Total net position		1,493,962	1,381,346		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources					
and net position	\$	1,783,532	\$ 1,771,505		

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Years Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

		2021		
	2022	(As Restated)		
Operating Revenues				
Net patient service revenue, net of provision for				
uncollectible accounts; 2022 – \$143,195; 2021 – \$169,572	\$ 639,967	\$ 635,685		
Supplemental Medicaid funding	229,605	251,763		
Other operating revenue	106,763	94,973		
Total operating revenues	976,335	982,421		
Operating Expenses				
Salaries and related expenses	830,418	713,282		
Professional fees and purchased services	205,057	199,303		
Supplies	241,055	215,652		
Depreciation and amortization	41,818	41,080		
Other	57,095	57,891		
Total operating expenses	1,375,443	1,227,208		
Operating Loss	(399,108)	(244,787)		
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Property tax revenue	513,773	479,150		
Provider Relief Fund revenue	2,019	87,429		
Contribution revenue	1,389	2,109		
Interest expense	(1,007)	(1,064)		
Investment return and other	(4,706)	4,239		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	511,468	571,863		
Income Before Capital Grants and Gifts	112,360	327,076		
Capital Grants and Gifts	256	28_		
Increase in Net Position	112,616	327,104		
Net Position, Beginning of Year	1,381,346	1,054,242		
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 1,493,962	\$ 1,381,346		

Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

			2021
	 2022	(As	Restated)
Operating Activities			
Receipts from and on behalf of patients	\$ 605,476	\$	596,452
Receipts from supplemental Medicaid			
funding programs	275,212		153,912
Gross receipts from Local Provider Participation Fund	257,209		276,343
Gross payments for Local Provider Participation Fund	(355,338)		(186,176)
Payments to suppliers and contractors	(488,044)		(457,255)
Payments to employees	(825,046)		(708,227)
Other receipts, net	 106,132		95,049
Net cash used in operating activities	 (424,399)		(229,902)
Noncapital Financing Activities			
Noncapital grants and gifts	1,389		2,109
Provider Relief Fund	2,019		-
Property taxes supporting operations	 510,087		480,972
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	 513,495		483,081
Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Principal payments made on long-term debt	(5,166)		(5,047)
Principal payments received on leases receivable	171		226
Principal payments made on leases payable	(3,830)		(3,177)
Interest paid on long-term debt and leases payable	(1,050)		(1,189)
Property taxes supporting debt service	1,935		2,015
Capital grants and gifts	256		28
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-		1
Purchase of capital assets	 (27,282)		(31,017)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(34,965)		(38,160)
Investing Activities			
Purchase of investments	(1,397,141)		(1,044,171)
Proceeds from the sale and maturities of			
short-term investments	1,150,354		953,199
Interest income and other	 8,631		3,311
Net cash used in investing activities	 (238,156)		(87,661)
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(184,026)		127,358
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	 333,155		205,797
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 149,129	\$	333,155

Statements of Cash Flows (Continued) Years Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

			2021
	2022	(As	Restated)
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Balance Sheets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 115,247	\$	198,051
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	32,975		131,114
Cash and cash equivalents in noncurrent cash,			
cash equivalents and investments	 907		3,990
	\$ 149,129	\$	333,155
Reconciliation of Net Operating Revenues (Expenses) to			
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities			
Operating loss	\$ (399,108)	\$	(244,787)
Depreciation and amortization	41,818		41,080
Loss (gain) on sale of fixed assets	187		(28)
Provision for uncollectible accounts	143,195		169,572
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Patient accounts receivable	(134,306)		(188,611)
Supplemental Medicaid funding receivable	44,590		(88,919)
Estimated amounts due from and to third-party payers	(5,223)		(16,551)
Medicare Advance Payments	-		37,225
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(22,655)		(24,501)
Intergovernmental transfer obligation	(98,129)		90,167
Net pension liability (asset)	(50,212)		12,224
Deferred outflows of resources - pension	3,540		(9,688)
Deferred inflows of resources - leases	(194)		(226)
Deferred inflows of resources - pension	45,278		(4,381)
Other assets and liabilities	6,820		(2,478)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (424,399)	\$	(229,902)
Supplemental Cash Flows Information			
Capital asset acquisitions included in accounts payable	\$ 2,028	\$	1,874
Credit received for trade in of capital assets	\$ 73	\$	324
Lease obligations incurred for lease assets	\$ 2,947	\$	1,533

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations and Reporting Entity

Tarrant County Hospital District d/b/a JPS Health Network (District) is a political subdivision of the state of Texas and operates a hospital, a psychiatric inpatient facility, ambulatory health centers, a psychiatric emergency center, an emergency department and a designated Level 1 trauma center, outpatient primary care and specialty clinics, and dental services at several locations. Additionally, it manages medical care services at the Tarrant County correctional system's five locations and serves the federal inmate population for specialty and inpatient care. The District is under the supervision of the Tarrant County Commissioners Court (Court) and is governed by an 11-member Board of Managers (Board) appointed by the Court. For this reason, the District is considered to be a component unit of Tarrant County, Texas (County) and is included as a discretely presented component unit in the basic financial statements of the County.

Acclaim Physician Group (Acclaim) began operations on May 1, 2016, primarily for the purpose of providing physician services to District patients. The District is the sole corporate member of Acclaim and has the authority to exercise significant control over the financial operations of Acclaim. As such, Acclaim is presented as a blended component unit of the District. Separate financial statements of Acclaim are shown in *Note 16*.

JPS Foundation (Foundation) was formed on August 4, 1997, solely to support and benefit scientific, educational, and charitable activities conducted by the District. The Foundation is a non-profit organization whose purpose is to perform services on behalf of the District, including organizing fundraising activities, providing patient assistance programs, participating in recruiting functions and conducting administrative services. Because the Foundation operates primarily for the exclusive benefit of the District, it is also presented as a blended component unit of the District. Separate financial statements of the Foundation are shown in *Note 16*.

The District's financial statements include the activities as set forth above. All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in the financial statements.

Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The accompanying financial statements of the District have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting using the economic resources measurement focus. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange transaction takes place, while those from government-mandated nonexchange transactions (principally federal and state grants) are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements are met.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Operating revenues and expenses include exchange transactions and program-specific, government-mandated nonexchange transactions. Government-mandated nonexchange transactions that are not program specific, property taxes, investment income and interest on capital assets-related debt are included in nonoperating revenues and expenses. The District first applies restricted net position when an expense or outlay is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers all liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At September 30, 2022 and 2021, cash equivalents consisted primarily of money market accounts with brokers and state investment pools described more fully in Note 5.

Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; employee injuries and illnesses; natural disasters; medical malpractice; and employee health, dental and accident benefits. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters other than medical malpractice, employee health and workers' compensation claims. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the three preceding years.

The District is self-insured for a portion of its exposure to risk of loss from medical malpractice, employee health and workers' compensation claims. Annual estimated provisions are accrued for the self-insured portion of these risks and include an estimate of the ultimate costs for both reported claims and claims incurred but not yet reported.

Patient Accounts Receivable

The District reports patient accounts receivable for services rendered at net realizable amounts from third-party payers, patients and others. The District provides an allowance for uncollectible accounts based upon a review of outstanding receivables, historical collection information and existing economic conditions.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Supplies

Supply inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market, determined using the average costing method.

Investments and Investment Income

Investments in U.S. Treasury, agency and instrumentality obligations with a remaining maturity of one-year or less at time of acquisition and in non-negotiable certificates of deposit are carried at amortized cost. Investments in external investment pools qualifying for amortized cost under GASB Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*, are carried at amortized cost per share and are included in cash equivalents in the accompanying balance sheets. All other investments are carried at fair value.

Investment income includes dividend and interest income, realized gains and losses on investments carried at other than fair value and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition, or acquisition value at the date of donation if acquired by gift. Depreciation and amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of each asset. The following estimated useful lives are being used by the District:

Land improvements	10 – 20 years
Buildings and improvements	10 – 40 years
Equipment	3 – 20 years
Computer software	3 years

Lease Assets

Lease assets are initially recorded at the initial measurement of the lease liability, plus lease payments made at or before the commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease, plus initial direct costs that are ancillary to place the asset into service. Lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset. The District only recognizes lease assets related to lease arrangements with more than \$5,000 of payments over the lease term.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Capital and Lease Asset Impairment

The District evaluates capital and lease assets for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate a significant, unexpected decline in the service utility of a capital or lease asset has occurred. No asset impairment was recognized during the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021.

Compensated Absences

District policies permit most employees to accumulate vacation and sick leave benefits that may be realized as paid time off or, in limited circumstances, as a cash payment. Expense and the related liability are recognized as benefits are earned whether the employee is expected to realize the benefit as time off or in cash. Compensated absence liabilities are computed using the regular pay and termination pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, plus an additional amount for compensation-related payments such as social security and Medicare taxes computed using rates in effect at that date.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The District sponsors a defined benefit pension plan (Plan) as more fully described in *Note 14*. For purposes of measuring the net pension (asset) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to and deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Transactions not meeting the definition of an asset or liability that result in the consumption or acquisition of net position in one period that are applicable to future periods are reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Net Position

Net position of the District is classified in five components on its balance sheets.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital and lease assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets or liabilities incurred to lease those assets.
- Restricted expendable net position is made up of noncapital assets that must be used for a
 particular purpose, as specified by creditors, grantors or donors external to the District,
 including amounts deposited with trustees as required by bond indentures, reduced by the
 outstanding balances of any related borrowings.
- Restricted nonexpendable net position consists of noncapital assets that are required to be maintained in perpetuity as specified by parties external to the District, such as permanent endowments.
- Restricted for pension represents assets restricted for benefits to participants in the defined benefit pension plan.
- Unrestricted net position is the remaining net position that does not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

Net Patient Service Revenue

The District has agreements with third-party payers that provide for payments to the District at amounts different from its established charges. Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payers and others for services rendered and includes estimated retroactive revenue adjustments, and a provision for uncollectible accounts. Retroactive adjustments are considered in the recognition of revenue on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered, and such estimated amounts are revised in future periods as adjustments become known.

Tobacco Settlement Revenue

The District receives revenue that is the result of a settlement between various counties and hospital districts in Texas and the tobacco industry for tobacco-related health care costs. The District received approximately \$9,686 and \$9,092 in revenue from this settlement for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. This revenue is recognized as a component of other operating revenue in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Charity Care

The District provides care without payment or at amounts less than its established charges to patients meeting certain criteria under its charity care policy. Because the District does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, these amounts are not reported as net patient service revenue.

Income Taxes

As an essential government function of the County, the District is generally exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) and a similar provision of state law. The District, the Foundation, and Acclaim also carry an exemption from income taxes under IRC Section 501(c)(3). The District, the Foundation, and Acclaim are all subject to federal income tax on any unrelated business taxable income.

Change in Accounting Principle

On October 1, 2021, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, using a retrospective method of adoption to all leases in place and not yet completed at the beginning of the earliest period presented. The statement requires lessees to recognize a lease liability, measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term, and an intangible lease asset. The 2021 financial statements and disclosures were restated to reflect the impact of this adoption.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

The effect of the changes made to the accompanying balance sheet, statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and statement of cash flows as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021 are as follows:

(As Previously Effect 2021 Reported) of Adoption (As Restated) Balance Sheet
Reported) of Adoption (As Restated)
Ralance Sheet
Lease assets, net \$ - \$ 11,943 \$ 11,943
Leases receivable \$ - \$ 1,124 \$ 1,124
Total assets \$ 1,719,916 \$ 13,067 \$ 1,732,983
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$ 1,758,438 \$ 13,067 \$ 1,771,505
Current portion of lease liabilities \$ - \$ 3,305 \$ 3,305
Total current liabilities \$ 318,862 \$ 3,305 \$ 322,167
Lease liabilities, noncurrent \$ - \$ 8,638 \$ 8,638
Total liabilities \$ 376,343 \$ 11,943 \$ 388,286
Deferred inflows of resources - leases \$ - \$ 1,124 \$ 1,124
Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 749 \$ 1,124 \$ 1,873
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position \$ 1,758,438 \$ 13,067 \$ 1,771,505
Total habilities, defended lithows of resources and het position \$ 1,776,436 \$ 13,007 \$ 1,771,503
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
Depreciation and amortization \$ 37,903 \$ 3,177 \$ 41,080
Other \$ 61,409 \$ (3,518) \$ 57,891
Total operating expenses \$ 1,227,549 \$ (341) \$ 1,227,208
Operating loss \$ (245,128) \$ 341 \$ (244,787)
Interest expense \$ (723) \$ (341) \$ (1,064)
Total nonoperating revenue (expense) \$ 572,204 \$ (341) \$ 571,863
Statement of Cash Flows
Payments to suppliers and contractors \$ (460,745) \$ 3,490 \$ (457,255)
1 1 2
Principal payments made on leases payable \$ - \$ (3,177) \$ (3,177)
Interest paid on long-term debt and leases payable \$ (848) \$ (341) \$ (1,189)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities \$ (34,868) \$ (3,292) \$ (38,160)
Reconciliation of Net Operating Revenues (Expenses) to
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities
Operating loss \$ (245,128) \$ 341 \$ (244,787)
Depreciation and amortization \$ 37,903 \$ 3,177 \$ 41,080
Deferred inflows of resources - leases \$ - \$ (226) \$
Net cash used in operating activities \$ (233,194) \$ 3,292 \$ (229,902)
Supplemental Cash Flows Information
Lease obligations incurred for lease assets \$ - \$ 1,533 \$ 1,533

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Note 2: Net Patient Service Revenue

The District has agreements with third-party payers that provide for payments to the District at amounts different from its established charges. These payment arrangements include:

Medicare. Inpatient acute care services and substantially all outpatient services rendered to Medicare program beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates. These rates vary according to a patient classification system that is based on clinical, diagnostic and other factors. Certain inpatient nonacute services and defined medical education costs are paid on a cost-reimbursement methodology. The District is reimbursed for certain services at tentative rates with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the District and audits thereof by the Medicare administrative contractor. The District 's Medicare cost reports have been audited by the Medicare administrative contractor through September 30, 2018.

Medicaid. Inpatient services rendered to Medicaid program beneficiaries are reimbursed under a prospective payment system. Inpatient reimbursement is inclusive of an add-on for trauma care that is based on the Medicaid Standards Dollar Amount. Outpatient and physician services are reimbursed under a mixture of fee schedules and cost reimbursement. The District is reimbursed for cost reimbursable services at tentative rates with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the District and audits thereof by the Medicaid administrative contractor. The District's Medicaid cost reports have been audited by the Medicaid administrative contractor through September 30, 2015.

Approximately 72 percent and 71 percent of net patient service revenue is from participation in the Medicare and state-sponsored Medicaid programs for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Settlements under reimbursement agreements with Medicare and Medicaid programs are estimated and recorded in the period the related services are rendered and are adjusted in future periods as adjustments become known or as the service years are no longer subject to audit, review or investigation. Annual cost reports required under the Medicare and Medicaid programs are subject to routine audits, which may result in adjustments to the amounts ultimately determined to be due under the reimbursement programs. These audits often require several years to reach their financial determination of amounts earned under the programs. As a result, it is reasonably possible that recorded estimates potentially could change materially in the near term.

The District has also entered into payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations, and preferred provider organizations. The basis for payment to the District under these agreements includes prospectively determined rates per discharge, discounts from established charges and prospectively determined daily rates.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Note 3: Supplemental Medicaid Funding Revenue

In response to the growing number of uninsured patients and the rising cost of health care, the Texas Legislature established a Texas Medicaid Disproportionate Share Program (DSH Program) that was designated to assist those facilities serving the majority of the indigent patients by providing funds supporting increased access to health care within the community. This program allows the Texas Department of Human Services to levy assessments from certain hospitals, use the assessed funds to obtain federal matching funds, and then redistribute the total funds to those facilities serving a disproportionate share of indigent patients in the state of Texas.

On December 12, 2011, the United States Department of Health and Human Services (HHSC) approved a new Medicaid section 1115(a) demonstration entitled "Texas Health Transformation and Quality Improvement Program" (Waiver). The Waiver expanded existing Medicaid managed care programs and established two funding pools that assists providers with uncompensated care costs (UC Pool) and promotes health system transformation (DSRIP Pool).

The Waiver was originally effective from December 12, 2011 to September 30, 2016 and extended through December 2017 as HHSC and the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) negotiated a longer-term extension. On December 21, 2017, HHSC received an approved extension from CMS for the period of January 1, 2018 through September 30, 2022. Among other changes, the approved plan required a change in the methodology used to allocate UC funds and a phase out of the DSRIP program over the five-year period.

On April 22, 2022, CMS approved an extension of the Waiver through September 30, 2030. The extension provides for the continuation of the UC Pool and an expansion of directed payment programs, which transitions participating hospitals away from the DSRIP program which ended on September 30, 2021. One of the new directed payment programs is the Comprehensive Hospital Increased Reimbursement Program (CHIRP), which replaces the existing Uniform Hospital Rate Increase Program (UHRIP), which the District has participated since 2017. Under UHRIP, HHSC directed managed care organizations in a service delivery area to provide a uniform percentage rate increase to all hospitals within a particular class of hospitals. CHIRP also provides for rate increases similar to UHRIP but also provides for a rate enhancement above the UHRIP rate, based upon a percentage of estimated average commercial reimbursement. Participating hospitals may opt into this second component. The UHRIP program ended on August 31, 2021 and the CHIRP program began on September 1, 2021. CHIRP will require annual approval by CMS and has been approved through August 31, 2023. Revenue from UHRIP and CHIRP are recognized as a component of net patient service revenue.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

The District also receives supplemental payments through the Medicaid Graduate Medical Education (GME) program. The GME program provides reimbursement to support teaching hospitals that operate approved medical residency training programs in recognition of the higher costs incurred by teaching hospitals.

In 2022, the District began participating in the Hospital Augmented Reimbursement Program (HARP). HARP is a statewide supplemental program that provides Medicaid payments to hospitals for inpatient and outpatient services that serve Texas Medicaid fee-for-service patients. The program serves as a financial transition for providers historically participating in the DSRIP program and provides additional funding to hospitals to assist in offsetting the cost hospitals incur while providing Medicaid services.

Supplemental Medicaid funding revenue from each program in 2022 and 2021 was:

	2022			2021
DSH Program	\$	45,857	\$	41,577
UC Pool		129,601		148,531
DSRIP Pool		11,588		58,155
GME Program		3,689		3,500
HARP Program		38,870		_
		<u>.</u>		_
	\$	229,605	\$	251,763

The programs described above are subject to review and scrutiny by both the Texas Legislature and the CMS, and the programs could be modified or terminated based on new legislation or regulation in future periods.

During 2017, the District began administration of a Local Provider Participation Fund (LPPF) in Tarrant County. The District acts as the administrator of the LPPF by assessment and collection of mandatory payments from hospitals in Tarrant County.

These payments are to be used to fund intergovernmental transfers for others representing the state's share of supplemental Medicaid funding programs. As the District acts as a conduit for these funds, the receipts and intergovernmental transfers are not recognized as revenue and expense in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

At September 30, 2022, the District held \$32,975 in LPPF assessments that will be transferred in 2023. At September 30, 2021, the District held \$131,114 in LPPF assessments that were transferred in 2022. The liability is reflected in the accompanying balance sheets as intergovernmental transfer obligation.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Note 4: Property Tax Revenue

The District received approximately 34 percent and 31 percent of its support from property taxes during the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Property taxes are levied by the District on October 1, of each year based on the preceding January 1, assessed property values. To secure payment, an enforceable lien attaches to the property on January 1, when the value is assessed. Property taxes become due and payable when levied on October 1. This is the date on which an enforceable legal claim arises, and the District records a receivable for the uncollectible property taxes of approximately \$10,981 and \$14,555 at September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The District's property tax rate was \$0.224429 per \$100 valuation for both 2022 and 2021. The District's property tax revenue was \$513,773 and \$479,150 for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Note 5: Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance or other qualified investments. At September 30, 2022 and 2021, the District's deposits were either insured or collateralized in accordance with state law.

At September 30, 2022 and 2021, the Foundation's cash accounts exceeded federally insured limits by \$2,218 and \$2,027, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Investments

The District may legally invest in direct obligations of and other obligations guaranteed as to principal by the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies and instrumentalities and in bank repurchase agreements. It may also invest to a limited extent in corporate bonds and equity securities.

At September 30, 2022 and 2021, the District had the following investments and maturities:

						Septembe	er 30, 202	22		
				Maturities in Years						
				Less					Mo	ore
Туре	Fa	ir Value	Than 1		1-5		6-10		Than 10	
Investment pools	\$	91,191	\$	91,191	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
U.S. Treasury obligations		455,837		452,007		3,830		_		_
U.S. agency obligations		384,522		164,653		219,869		-		-
Municipal bonds		5,035		5,035		-		-		-
Money market mutual funds		35,222		35,222		-		-		-
Commercial paper		123,031		123,031						
			\$	871,139	\$	223,699	\$		\$	
Mutual funds		4,302							-	
	\$	1,099,140								

				September 30, 2021								
		Maturities in Years						s				
				Less					Mo	ore		
Туре	Fair Value		Than 1		1-5		6-10		Than 10			
Investment pools	\$	121,591	\$	121,591	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_		
U.S. Treasury obligations		95,407		95,407		-		-		_		
U.S. agency obligations		76,804		30,000		46,804		-		-		
Municipal bonds		21,558		16,240		5,318		-		-		
Money market mutual funds		97,153		97,153		-		-		-		
Commercial paper		173,684		173,684								
			\$	534,075	\$	52,122	\$		\$			
Mutual funds		4,530			-							
	\$	590,727										

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy requires that total investments have a weighted-average maturity of five years or less. The District's investments in U.S. Treasury and agency obligations include fixed-rate notes and bonds with a weighted-average maturity of three years. The longer the maturity of a fixed-rate obligation, the greater the impact a change in interest rates will have on its fair value. As interest rates increase, the fair value of the obligations decrease. Likewise, when interest rates decrease, the fair value of the obligations increase. The money market mutual funds are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than one-year because they are redeemable in full immediately.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. It is the District's policy to limit its investments to U.S. Treasury and agency obligations or otherwise follow the restriction of the Texas Public Funds Investment Act. The District's investment in U.S. Treasury obligations carry the explicit guarantee of the U.S. government. The debt securities of the U.S. agencies are rated Aaa by Moody's rating agency.

The District also invests in TexPool and TexSTAR, state investment pools (Pools), which are considered investments for financial reporting. The Texas State Comptroller of Public Accounts oversees TexPool. Federated Investors provides asset management and participant services for TexPool's operations under a contract with the Comptroller. TexSTAR is a local government investment pool offering professionally managed portfolios to government entities in the state of Texas. The governing board of directors selects co-administrators for TexSTAR that provide fund management. The District has an undivided beneficial interest in the pool of assets held by the Pools. Investments must be in compliance with the Texas Public Funds Investment Act and include obligations of the United States or its agencies, direct obligation of the state of Texas or its agencies, certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements. The fair value of the position in these pools is the same as the value of the shares in each pool.

The Pools, as well as the money market mutual funds invested in by the District, are rated as AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The District's investments in commercial paper were rated Aaa to Aa3 by Moody's rating agency.

The District also invests in certificates of deposit, which are classified as deposits for financial reporting purposes. These certificates of deposit are fully collateralized by the various financial institutions.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the District's investments are held in safekeeping or trust accounts.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer as long as the restrictions of the Texas Public Funds Investment Act are followed. However, the District's investment policy states that preservation and safety of principal is the foremost objective of the investment program, and the District diversifies its investment portfolio in terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling and issuers to reduce risk of loss resulting from overconcentration of assets in a specific class of investments, maturity or issuer.

The following table reflects the District's investments in single issuers that represent more than 5 percent of total investments:

	2022	2021
U.S. Treasury	39.2%	16.2%
Federal Home Loan Bank	22.4%	5.7%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	6.5%	1.3%
Federal Farm Credit Bank	6.1%	6.0%
Toyota Motor Credit Commercial Paper	5.3%	11.0%
Royal Bank of Canada	5.0%	9.9%
University of Texas	0.5%	5.1%

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments shown above are included in the balance sheets as follows:

		2022	2021		
Carrying value					
Deposits	\$	150,318	\$	612,348	
Investments		1,099,140		590,727	
	\$	1,249,458	\$	1,203,075	
Included in the following balance sheet captions					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	115,247	\$	198,051	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	Ψ	32,975	Ψ	131,114	
Short-term investments		850,251		638,709	
Internally designated for self-insurance, current portion		200		110	
Noncurrent cash and investments		250,785		235,091	
	\$	1,249,458	\$	1,203,075	

Investment Income

Investment income for the years ended September 30, consisted of:

	 2022	2021			
Interest and dividend income Net increase in fair value of investments	\$ 8,620 (16,378)	\$	3,885 195		
	\$ (7,758)	\$	4,080		

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Note 6: Patient Accounts Receivable

The District grants credit without collateral to its patients, many of whom are area residents and are insured under third-party payer agreements. Patient accounts receivable at September 30, consisted of:

		2021		
Medicare	\$	28,156	\$	29,004
Medicaid		25,883		22,568
Other third-party payers		33,329		43,223
Patients		64,688		81,428
		152,056		176,223
Less allowance for uncollectible accounts		84,221		99,499
	\$	67,835	\$	76,724

Note 7: Capital and Lease Assets

Capital assets activity for the years ended September 30, was:

	2022										
		Beginning Balance		Additions		Disposals		Transfers and Other		Ending Balance	
Land and improvements	\$	67,320	\$	-	\$	-	\$	369	\$	67,689	
Buildings and improvements		274,644		-		-		2,553		277,197	
Equipment		498,783		16,745		(21,119)		9,025		503,434	
Construction in progress		9,743		10,691				(11,947)		8,487	
Less accumulated		850,490		27,436		(21,119)				856,807	
depreciation and amortization		606,879		37,707		(20,932)				623,654	
Capital assets, net	\$	243,611	\$	(10,271)	\$	(187)	\$		\$	233,153	

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

	2021										
	Beginning Balance		Additions		Disposals		Transfers and Other			Ending Salance	
Land and improvements Buildings and improvements	\$	67,104 273,649	\$	-	\$	-	\$	216 995	\$	67,320 274,644	
Equipment		482,358		21,099		(7,842)		3,168		498,783	
Construction in progress		3,978		10,144				(4,379)		9,743	
Less accumulated		827,089		31,243		(7,842)				850,490	
depreciation and amortization	-	576,521		37,903		(7,545)				606,879	
Capital assets, net	\$	250,568	\$	(6,660)	\$	(297)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	243,611	

Lease assets activity for the years ended September 30, was:

					20)22				
	Be	ginning							Е	inding
	Balance		Additions		Disposals		Transfers		В	alance
Buildings	\$	14,417	\$	2,947	\$	(116)	\$	-	\$	17,248
Equipment		658				(45)				613
		15,075		2,947		(161)				17,861
Less accumulated amortization										
Buildings		2,942		3,889		(116)		-		6,715
Equipment		190		222		(45)				367
		3,132		4,111		(161)				7,082
Lease assets, net	\$	11,943	\$	(1,164)	\$		\$		\$	10,779

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

2021

					(AS Re	statea)				
	Ве	ginning							E	inding
	B	Balance		Additions		Disposals		sfers	Balance	
Buildings	\$	13,103	\$	1,314	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,417
Equipment		484		219		(45)				658
		13,587		1,533		(45)				15,075
Less accumulated amortization										
Buildings		-		2,942		-		-		2,942
Equipment				235		(45)				190
				3,177		(45)				3,132
Lease assets, net	\$	13,587	\$	(1,644)	\$	_	\$		\$	11,943

Note 8: Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses included in current liabilities at September 30, consisted of:

	 2022	2021	
Payable to suppliers and contractors	\$ 74,041	\$ 58,931	
Payable to employees (including payroll taxes			
and benefits)	71,284	71,423	
Patient credit balances	2,714	2,629	
Other liabilities	 5,543	 4,992	
	\$ 153,582	\$ 137,975	

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Note 9: Risk Management

Medical Malpractice and General Liability Risks

The District is self-insured for medical malpractice and general liability claims. The District's maximum liability for professional and general liability claims as a governmental unit under the *Tort Claims Act* is generally \$100 per individual and \$300 per occurrence.

Losses from asserted and unasserted claims identified under the District's incident reporting system are accrued based on estimates that incorporate the District's past experience, as well as other considerations, including the nature of each claim or incident and relevant trend factors. It is reasonably possible that the District's estimate of losses will change by a material amount in the near term.

Activity in the District's accrued medical malpractice claims liability during 2022 and 2021, is summarized as follows:

	20	022	2	021
Balance, beginning of year	\$	502	\$	530
Current year claims incurred and changes in				
estimates for claims incurred in prior years		144		60
Claims and expenses paid		78		(88)
Balance, end of year	\$	724	\$	502

Employee Health Claims

Substantially all of the District's employees and their dependents are eligible to participate in the District's employee health insurance plan. Commercial stop-loss insurance coverage is purchased for claims in excess of \$500. A provision is accrued for self-insured employee health claims including both claims reported, and claims incurred but not yet reported. The accrual is estimated based on consideration of prior claims experience, recently settled claims, frequency of claims and other economic and social factors. It is reasonably possible that the District's estimate will change by a material amount in the near term.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Activity in the District's accrued employee health claims liability during 2022 and 2021, is summarized as follows:

		2022	2021
Balance, beginning of year	\$	5,250	\$ 4,750
Current year claims incurred and changes in			
estimates for claims incurred in prior years		59,401	59,910
Claims and expenses paid		(59,401)	(59,410)
Balance, end of year	_\$	5,250	\$ 5,250

Workers' Compensation Claims

The District is self-insured for workers' compensation claims. A provision is accrued for self-insured worker's compensation claims including both claims reported, and claims incurred but not yet reported. The accrual is estimated based on consideration of prior claims experience, recently settled claims, frequency of claims and other economic and social factors. It is reasonably possible that the District's estimate will change by a material amount in the near term.

Activity in the District's accrued workers' compensation claims liability during 2022 and 2021, is summarized as follows:

		-	2021	
Balance, beginning of year	\$	3,115	\$	3,416
Current year claims incurred and changes in estimates for claims incurred in prior years		1,574		1,876
Claims and expenses paid		(2,105)		(2,177)
Balance, end of year	\$	2,584	\$	3,115

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Note 10: Long-Term Debt

A summary of long-term debt is as follows:

		2022	2021
General obligation refunding bonds, Series 2016	\$	12,825	\$ 14,495
Revenue bonds, Series 2012		10,340	12,165
Note payable		1,672	3,343
	•	24,837	30,003
Bond discount		(99)	 (72)
	\$	24,738	\$ 29,931

General Obligation Refunding Bonds - Series 2016

The Series 2016 general obligations refunding bonds consist of Tarrant County Hospital District Limited Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 (Series 2016 Bonds) in the original amount of \$22,415 dated January 1, 2016, which bear interest at 2.24 percent. The Series 2016 Bonds are payable in annual installments of \$1,710 to \$1,955 through February 15, 2029. The Series 2016 Bonds are secured by ad valorem tax revenues. The proceeds from the Series 2016 Bonds were used to advance refund the Series 2006 Bonds.

Revenue Bonds - Series 2012

The Series 2012 revenue bonds consist of Tarrant County Hospital District Senior Lien Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 (Series 2012 Bonds) in the original amount of \$25,890 dated September 1, 2012, which bear interest at 3.0 percent to 5.0 percent. The Series 2012 Bonds are payable in annual installments of \$1,915 to \$2,205 through August 15, 2027. The Series 2012 Bonds are secured by revenues of the District, exclusive of ad valorem tax revenue.

All of the Series 2012 Bonds still outstanding may be redeemed at the District's option on or after August 15, 2023, at par value plus accrued interest. The proceeds from the Series 2012 Bonds were used to advance refund the Series 2002 Bonds.

Notes Payable

The note payable due to a vendor does not bear interest and is due in four annual installments of \$1,672, beginning December 2019. The note is secured by certain equipment and the final installment is due December 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the District for the years ended September 30:

		2022										
	Beginning Balance		Additions		Deductions		Ending Balance		Current Portion			
Long-term debt												
General obligation refunding bonds, Series 2016	\$	14,495	\$	-	\$	1,670	\$	12,825	\$	1,710		
Revenue bonds, Series 2012		12,165		-		1,825		10,340		1,915		
Note payable		3,343				1,671		1,672		1,672		
Total long-term debt	\$	30,003	\$	_	\$	5,166	\$	24,837	\$	5,297		

		2021										
	Beginning Balance		Additions		Deductions		Ending Balance		Current Portion			
Long-term debt												
General obligation refunding bonds, Series 2016	\$	16,135	\$	-	\$	1,640	\$	14,495	\$	1,670		
Revenue bonds, Series 2012		13,900		-		1,735		12,165		1,825		
Note Payable		5,015				1,672	-	3,343		1,672		
Total long-term debt	\$	35,050	\$		\$	5,047	\$	30,003	\$	5,167		

The debt service requirements on long-term debt as of September 30, 2022, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30, 2022	Total to Be Paid			incipal	Interest		
2023	\$	6,051	\$	5,297	\$	754	
2024		4,385		3,760		625	
2025		4,355		3,865		490	
2026		4,255		3,865		390	
2027		4,253		3,965		288	
2028-2029		4,350		4,083		267	
	\$	27,649	\$	24,835	\$	2,814	

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Note 11: Lease Liabilities

The District leases medical office, warehouse and office space and certain equipment, the terms of which expire in various years through 2029. During the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, the District recognized approximately \$4,004 and \$3,658, respectively, of rental expense for variable payments, short-term and cancelable leases that are not included in the measurement of the lease liability.

The following is a summary of lease liability transactions for the District for the years ended September 30:

					2	2022				
	Be	ginning					ļ	Ending	С	urrent
	Balance Additions			ditions	Ded	uctions	В	alance	Portion	
Lease liabilities	\$	11,943	\$	2,947	\$	3,830	\$	11,060	\$	2,621
Total lease liabilities	\$	11,943	\$	2,947	\$	3,830	\$	11,060	\$	2,621

	2021 (As Restated)								
	eginning alance	Ad	ditions	`	luctions	Ending Balance		Current Portion	
Lease liabilities	\$ 13,587	\$	1,533	\$	3,177	\$	11,943	\$	3,305
Total lease liabilities	\$ 13,587	\$	1,533	\$	3,177	\$	11,943	\$	3,305

The following is a schedule by year of payments under the leases as of September 30, 2022:

Year Ending September 30,	Total to Be Paid		Pr	Principal		erest
2023	\$	2,904	\$	2,621	\$	283
2024		2,409		2,187		222
2025		1,740		1,568		172
2026		1,687		1,563		124
2027		1,534		1,458		76
2028 - 2029		1,698		1,663		35
	\$	11,972	\$	11,060	\$	912

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Note 12: Restricted and Designated Net Position

At September 30, 2022 and 2021, \$3,075 and \$3,646, respectively, of net position were restricted by donors for capital and operating activities.

At September 30, 2022 and 2021, \$232,519 and \$215,677, respectively, of unrestricted net position has been designated by the Board for future operating needs and capital acquisitions. Designated assets remain under the control of the Board, which may, at its discretion, later use these assets for other purposes.

At September 30, 2022, the District had \$26,266 of net position restricted for benefits to participants in the defined benefit pension plan further described in *Note 14*.

At September 30, 2022 and 2021, the District had \$395 and \$403, respectively, of restricted nonexpendable net position which is a general endowment for the Foundation.

Note 13: Uncompensated Care

In support of its mission, the District voluntarily provides free care to patients who lack financial resources and are deemed to be medically indigent. The costs of charity care provided under the District's charity care policy were \$318,805 and \$298,913 for 2022 and 2021, respectively. The increase in charity care costs is attributable to higher charity care charges as well as a higher cost to charge ratio due to increased expenses during the year ended September 30, 2022. The cost of charity care is estimated by applying the ratio of cost to gross charges to the gross charity care charges.

Note 14: Pension Plan

Plan Description

The District sponsors an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for eligible employees within a multi-employer retirement program sponsored for member hospitals by the Texas Hospital Association Retirement Plan (THARP). THARP is the plan administrator of the pension plan. The Plan's assets are invested as a portion of the THARP's master pension trust fund. The Plan provides retirement, death, and disability benefits. Amendments to the plan are made only with the authority of the District's Board.

The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report. However, an annual actuarial valuation report is available from the District or THARP. That report may be obtained by writing THARP at 1108 Lavaca, Suite 700, Austin, Texas 78701.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits for eligible employees are calculated as 1.4 percent of the employee's final five-year average compensation plus 0.7 percent of the employee's final five-year average compensation, if any, that exceeds \$75,000, with the sum multiplied times the employee's years of service.

Participants with five years of participation service are eligible to retire at age 65. Senior executives have a different formula and a cap on considered years of service. Participants may retire at any age after 55 if they have 10 years of vesting service. Unreduced Early Retirement is available at age 62 if they have 10 years of vesting service. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately with an actuarial reduction. Death benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately with an actuarial reduction. An employee who leaves the employer's service may withdraw his or her contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

Effective October 1, 2006, participation in the pension plan became mandatory for full-time employees completing one-year of service on or after October 1, 2006. An amendment effective October 1, 2011, made plan participation voluntary for employees hired after that date. An amendment effective October 1, 2021, excluded employees hired after that date from plan participation.

The employees covered by the Plan at October 1, 2021 and 2020 (measurement date), are:

	2021	2020
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently		
receiving benefits	529	494
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet		
receiving benefits	1,608	1,294
Active employees	4,101	4,307
	6,238	6,095

Contributions

The District's Board has the sole authority to establish and amend the contribution requirements of the active employees. The District's contributions are based on an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the established amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the year ended September 30, 2022, the active employee contribution rate was 2.00 percent of annual pay, and the District's contribution rate was 6.25 percent of annual payroll.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

The District's contribution is set to be 6.25 percent of participants payroll effective October 1, 2021, and will remain at that level as long as the amount thus determined is sufficient to pay the Employer Normal Cost and amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Liability (Net Pension Liability(Asset)) over a period of not more than 25 years. The employer contributions were 6.25 percent of estimated participant compensation for the plan year ending September 30, 2021. The costs of administering the plan are paid by the plan and are considered in the determination of the employer contribution rate.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The District's net pension liability (asset) was measured as of October 1, 2021 and 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The total pension liability in the October 1, 2021 and 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	2021	2020
Inflation	2.25%	2.25%
Salary increases	5.23%, average, including inflation	5.0%, average, including inflation
Ad hoc cost of living	Not included	Not included
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan	6.75%, net of pension plan
	investment expense, including	investment expense, including
	inflations	inflations

Mortality rates were based on the Society of Actuaries Pri-2012 Mortality Table, projected from the 2012 base year with Projection Scale MP-2021 and MP-2020, for the October 1, 2021 and 2020 valuations, respectively.

The actuarial assumptions used in the October 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2016-2021 for withdrawal rates, retirement rates, and earnings progression and 2016-2020 for form of payment.

The actuarial assumptions used in the October 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2011-2016 for withdrawal rates, retirement rates, and earnings progression and 2016-2020 for form of payment.

The long-term expected rate of return used in the October 1, 2021 and 2020 valuations on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These components are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (2.25 percent). In addition, the final 6.75 percent assumption reflected a reduction of 0.49 percent for adverse deviation.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

The target allocation and expected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class for both the October 1, 2021 and 2020 valuations are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	60%	6.1%
International equity	15%	6.0%
Fixed income	24%	1.7%
Cash	1%	0.5%
Total	100%	_

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75 percent at both October 1, 2021 and 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Changes in the total pension liability, plan fiduciary net position and the net pension liability (asset) are:

	2022					
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Lia	Net Pension bility (Asset) (a) - (b)
Balances at September 30, 2021	\$	365,454	\$	341,508	\$	23,946
Changes for the year						
Service cost		28,335		-		28,335
Interest on total pension liability		25,495		-		25,495
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		5,978		-		5,978
Contributions – employee		-		5,476		(5,476)
Contributions – employer		-		20,153		(20,153)
Net investment income		-		82,016		(82,016)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(16,330)		(16,330)		-
Administrative expenses		(1,053)		(1,053)		-
Assumption changes		(2,375)				(2,375)
Net changes		40,050		90,262		(50,212)
Balances at September 30, 2022	\$	405,504	\$	431,770	\$	(26,266)

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

	2021					
	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)	
Balances at September 30, 2020	\$	324,393	\$	312,671	\$	11,722
Changes for the year						
Service cost		18,432		-		18,432
Interest on total pension liability		23,472		-		23,472
Changes of benefit terms		200		-		200
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		2,314		-		2,314
Contributions – employee		-		5,258		(5,258)
Contributions – employer		-		18,225		(18,225)
Net investment income		-		19,485		(19,485)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(13,021)		(13,021)		-
Administrative expenses		(1,110)		(1,110)		-
Assumption changes		10,774				10,774
Net changes		41,061		28,837		12,224
Balances at September 30, 2021	\$	365,454	\$	341,508	\$	23,946

The net pension liability (asset) of the District has been calculated using a discount rate of 6.75 percent at October 1, 2021. The following presents the net pension liability (asset) using a discount rate 1 percent higher and 1 percent lower than the current rate as of September 30, 2022.

	Current Discount					
		Decrease 5.75 %		Rate 6.75 %		1% Increase 7.75 %
District's net pension liability (asset)						
as of September 30, 2022	\$	19,563	\$	(26,266)	\$	(76,661)

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to Pensions

For the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$18,910 and \$18,251, respectively. At September 30, 2022 and 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Differences between expected and actual experience	\$
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	
Changes of assumptions	
Net difference between projected and	
actual earnings on plan investments	

2022						
Deferred		Deferred				
Outflows of		Inflows of				
Resources	Resources					
\$ 7,117	\$	-				
20,425		-				
7,405		2,253				
=		43,672				
\$ 34,947	\$	45,925				

Differences between expected and actual experience Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and
actual earnings on plan investments

2021						
	Deferred		Deferred			
0	utflows of		Inflows of			
R	esources		Resources			
\$	4,967	\$	-			
	20,153		-			
	11,532		749			
	1,870		-			
\$	38,522	\$	749			

At September 30, 2022 and 2021, the District reported \$20,425 and \$20,153, respectively, as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset at September 30, 2022 and a reduction of the net pension liability at September 30, 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at September 30, 2022, related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending September 30		
2023	\$	5,555
2024		5,983
2025		8,580
2026		11,285
	\$	21 402
	Ф	31,403

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

As of October 1, 2021 and 2020, the master pension trust fund was comprised of the following:

	 2021	2020			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 36,767	\$	21,205		
Investments, at fair value					
Mutual funds	376,810		342,389		
Common/collective trust funds	272,270		237,494		
103-12 investment fund	 44,874		38,720		
Total investments at fair value	 693,954		618,603		
Total Plan Fiduciary Net Pension	\$ 730,721	\$	639,808		

The Plan's interest the master pension trust fund as of the measurement date of October 1, 2021 and 2020, was \$431,770 and \$341,508, respectively.

Investment Policy – Investment policy decisions are established and maintained by the Trustees of the THARP for Member Hospitals. The Trustees have several asset mix alternatives from which participating employers may choose in order to control risk. The Trustees employ and select investment managers with the advice of investment counsel which is completely independent of the investment managers.

The primary goal of a pension fund is to help pay the cost of the pension plan while providing adequate security to meet the benefits promised under the plan. As a consequence, two important dimensions of a pension plan's investment program are expected return and expected risk.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

The plan trustees diversify plan investments among asset classes, recognizing that there is a relationship between the level of risk assumed in an investment program and the level of return that should be expected. Appropriate diversification better enables the trust to balance risk and return. The asset mix selected by the District and is set forth below:

Asset Class/Style	Target Asset Mix
Laura Can II C annitia	450/
Large Cap U.S. equities	45% 15%
Small Cap U.S. equities	
International equities	15%
Total Equities	75%
Intermediate fixed income	24%
Cash	1%
Total Fixed Income	25%_

The Trustees maintain a portfolio structure that may combine several active and passive management in order to balance the objectives of enhanced return and cost control.

Passive equity and fixed income portfolios invest in a substantially similar manner as that of the underlying benchmark.

Active equity managers have the following requirements:

- The equity portion of the portfolio should not be less than 90 percent of the portfolio, measured at market value.
- Equity holdings in any one economic sector should not exceed the greater of 30 percent of the portfolio or 10 percent points above the sector weight in benchmark.
- Equity holdings in any single company (including common stock and convertible securities) should not exceed 10 percent of the portfolio.

Active fixed income managers have the following requirements:

- The primary investments should be government, corporate, and mortgage securities
- Holdings in obligations of any single entity (with the exception of the U.S. government and/or its agencies) should not exceed 5 percent of the portfolio.

The common collective trust fund investment objective is to approximate as closely as practicable, before expenses, to the performance of the S&P 500 Index over the long term.

The 103-12 investment fund objective is to approximate as closely as practicable to the performance of the MSCI EAFE Index.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Investment Rate of Return - The annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of expenses, which expresses net investment performance adjusted for changing amounts actually invested each month was 24.4 percent for the 12 months ended October 1, 2021.

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. It is the Plan's policy to limit its holdings in obligations of any single entity, excluding U.S. government and its agencies, to 5 percent of the portfolio.

Custodial Credit Risk - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Plan will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the Plan's investments are held in trust accounts.

Concentration of Credit Risk - It is the Plan's policy to limit equity holdings in any one economic sector to the greater of 30 percent of the portfolio or 10 percent above the sector weight in the benchmark and limit equity holdings in any single company to 10 percent of the portfolio. Additionally, the Plan's policy limits holdings in fixed income obligations of any single entity, excluding U.S. government and its agencies, to 5 percent of the portfolio.

The following table reflects the Plan's investments in single issuers that represent more than 5 percent of total investments:

	2021	2020
State Street S&P 500 Index NL Fund	37.3%	37.1%
Vanguard Small Cap Index	15.0%	13.4%
State Street Aggregate Bond Index NL Fund	12.2%	12.4%
PIMCO Total Return	12.2%	12.1%
Morgan Stanley International Equity Trust	6.1%	6.1%
State Street Aggregate Bond Index NL Fund	7.5%	5.7%

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies and inputs used for pension plan assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis, as well as the general classification of pension plan assets pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

The fair value of the pension plan assets at October 1, 2021 and 2020, were as follows:

		Fair Value Measurements Using							
	Carrying Amount		luoted rices in e Markets Identical Assets .evel 1)	Ot Obse Inp	ficant her rvable uts vel 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			
October 1, 2021									
Investments by fair value level Mutual funds	\$ 376,810	\$	376,810	\$	_	\$ -			
Total investments by fair value level	 376,810	\$	376,810	\$		\$ -			
Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) (A) Common/collective trust fund 103-12 investment fund	272,270 44,874								
Total investments measured at the NAV	317,144								
Total investments measured at fair value	\$ 693,954								
			Fair V	alue Meas	surements	s Using			
	arrying mount	Pr Active for	Fair Vi tuoted rices in e Markets Identical Assets .evel 1)	Signi Ot Obse Inp	ficant her rvable outs	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			
October 1, 2020		Pr Active for	luoted rices in e Markets Identical Assets	Signi Ot Obse Inp	ficant her rvable uts	Significant Unobservable Inputs			
October 1, 2020 Investments by fair value level Mutual funds		Pr Active for	luoted rices in e Markets Identical Assets	Signi Ot Obse Inp	ficant her rvable uts	Significant Unobservable Inputs			
Investments by fair value level	mount	Pr Active for	tuoted rices in e Markets Identical Assets Level 1)	Signi Ot Obse Inp	ficant her rvable uts	Significant Unobservable Inputs			
Investments by fair value level Mutual funds	342,389	Pr Active for l	tuoted rices in e Markets Identical Assets Level 1)	Signi Ot Obse Inp (Lev	ficant her rvable uts	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			
Investments by fair value level Mutual funds Total investments by fair value level Investments measured at the	342,389	Pr Active for l	tuoted rices in e Markets Identical Assets Level 1)	Signi Ot Obse Inp (Lev	ficant her rvable uts	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			
Investments by fair value level Mutual funds Total investments by fair value level Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) (A) Common/collective trust fund	342,389 342,389 237,494	Pr Active for l	tuoted rices in e Markets Identical Assets Level 1)	Signi Ot Obse Inp (Lev	ficant her rvable uts	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			

⁽A) Certain investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts included above are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts disclosed for total plan investments at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models, the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, prepayments, defaults, cumulative loss projections, and cash flows. Such securities are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy. The Plan did not hold any Level 2 or 3 securities at October 1, 2021 and 2020.

The valuation method for investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) are presented as above. There were no unfunded commitments or redemption restrictions for these funds.

Other Benefit Plans

The District has an IRC Section 401(a) plan that includes an employer match calculated as 50 percent of an employee's contribution to the IRC Section 403(b) plan discussed below, up to 4 percent of pay. The contributions for the employer match on the plan were approximately \$10,476 and \$8,957 for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

In addition, the District offers its employees a tax-deferred annuity plan created in accordance with IRC Section 457. The Plan, available to all District employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. All amounts of compensation deferred under the Plan and income attributable to those amounts are solely the property of the employee. Thus, the Plan amounts are not reported in the accompanying financial statements.

The District also offers its employees a tax-deferred annuity plan created in accordance with IRC Section 403(b). The Plan, available to all District employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. All amounts of compensation deferred under the Plan and income attributable to those amounts are solely the property of the employee. Thus, the Plan amounts are not reported in the financial statements. Employee contributions were \$23,484 and \$20,949 for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The District has a Governmental Excess Benefit Arrangement Plan for executives approved by the Board. This plan is to provide participants in the defined benefit plan that portion of the participant's benefits that would otherwise be payable under the terms of the defined benefit plan, except for the limitations on benefits imposed by Section 415(b) of the IRC. Contributions to this plan are included in noncurrent cash and investments and the plan liability is recorded in other long-term liabilities in the balance sheets. As of September 30, 2022 and 2021, \$2,351 and \$1,574, respectively, in contributions are included in internally designated for capital acquisitions and operating activities on the accompanying balance sheets, and \$4,609 and \$1,469, respectively, was due under this plan. As of September 30, 2022, deferred inflows and outflows of resources associated with this plan were \$102 and \$35, respectively. Approximately \$3,369 and \$207 of benefit expense was recognized in 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Note 15: Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- **Level 2** Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities
- **Level 3** Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

Recurring Measurements

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities recognized in the accompanying financial statements measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at September 30:

		Fair Value Measurements Using										
	Carrying Amount	Activ for	Quoted rices in re Markets Identical Assets Level 1)	Ob	gnificant Other servable Inputs Level 2)	Signil Unobse Inp (Lev	ervable outs					
September 30, 2022												
Investments by fair value level												
U.S. agency obligations	\$ 384,522	\$	103,395	\$	281,127	\$	-					
U.S. Treasury obligations	455,837		431,176		24,661		-					
Commercial paper	123,031		-		123,031		-					
Municipal bonds	5,035		5,035		-		-					
Money market mutual funds	35,222		35,222		-		-					
Mutual funds	 4,302		4,302									
Total investments by fair value level	\$ 1,007,949	\$	579,130	\$	428,819	\$						
Investment Pools Carried at												
Amortized Cost	 91,191											
Total investments	\$ 1,099,140											

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

			Fair Va	lue Me	easurement	s Using	
	arrying mount	Pr Activ for	Quoted rices in e Markets Identical Assets evel 1)	Ob	gnificant Other servable Inputs _evel 2)	Unobse Inp	ficant ervable uts el 3)
September 30, 2021							
Investments by fair value level							
U.S. agency obligations	\$ 76,804	\$	-	\$	76,804	\$	-
U.S. Treasury obligations	95,407		95,407		-		-
Commercial paper	173,684		-		173,684		-
Municipal bonds	21,558		-		21,558		-
Money market mutual funds	97,153		97,153		-		-
Mutual funds	 4,530		4,530				
Total investments by fair value level	\$ 469,136	\$	197,090	\$	272,046	\$	
Investment Pools Carried at							
Amortized Cost	121,591						
Total investments	\$ 590,727						

Investments

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models, the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, prepayments, defaults, cumulative loss projections, and cash flows. Such securities are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy. The District held no Level 3 investments as of September 30, 2022 and 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Note 16: Condensed Combining Information

The following tables include condensed combining balance sheet information for the District and its blended component units as of September 30, 2022 and 2021:

		September 30, 2022											
		Hospital	Α	cclaim	Fou	ndation	Eliminations			Total			
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources													
Current assets	\$	1,220,318	\$	12,014	\$	2,074	\$	(7,792)	\$	1,226,614			
Due from affiliates		1,345		173		18		(1,536)		-			
Noncurrent cash and investments		245,830		-		4,955		-		250,785			
Capital assets, net		232,760		393		-		-		233,153			
Lease assets, net		8,549		2,230		-		-		10,779			
Lease receivable		953		-		-		-		953			
Net pension asset		26,266				-				26,266			
Total assets		1,736,021		14,810		7,047		(9,328)		1,748,550			
Deferred outflows of resources		34,982								34,982			
Total assets and deferred outflows													
of resources	\$	1,771,003	\$	14,810	\$	7,047	\$	(9,328)	\$	1,783,532			
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and			Ф	12 (22	¢.	21		(7.702)		201 202			
Current liabilities	\$	195,421	\$	13,633	\$	21	\$	(7,792)	\$	201,283			
Due to affiliates Estimated self-insurance costs		186		1,228		122		(1,536)		2 000			
		1,955		144		-		-		2,099			
Lease liabilities, noncurrent		6,477		1,962		-		-		8,439			
Long-term debt		19,441		1 112		-		-		19,441			
Other long-term liabilities Total liabilities	-	10,239		1,112		143		(9,328)		11,351			
		233,719		18,079		143		(9,328)		242,613			
Deferred inflows of resources		46,957								46,957			
Net position													
Net investment in capital assets		205,719		388		-		-		206,107			
Restricted expendable		708		-		2,367		-		3,075			
Restricted nonexpendable		-		-		395		-		395			
Restricted for pension		26,266		-		-		-		26,266			
Unrestricted		1,257,634		(3,657)		4,142				1,258,119			
Total net position		1,490,327	-	(3,269)		6,904				1,493,962			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of													
resources and net position	\$	1,771,003	\$	14,810	\$	7,047	\$	(9,328)	\$	1,783,532			

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

September 30, 2021 (As Restated)

					(AS I	lestateu)			
		Hospital	Α	cclaim	Fou	ındation	Elin	ninations	Total
Assets									
Current assets	\$	1,232,874	\$	17,253	\$	1,069	\$	(9,982)	\$ 1,241,214
Due from affiliates		1,375		201		79		(1,655)	-
Noncurrent cash and investments		229,115		-		5,976		-	235,091
Lease assets, net		11,943		-		-		-	11,943
Lease receivable		1,124		-		-		-	1,124
Capital assets, net		243,427		184					 243,611
Total assets	<u></u>	1,719,858		17,638		7,124		(11,637)	 1,732,983
Deferred outflows of resources		38,522							38,522
Total assets and deferred outflows									
of resources	\$	1,758,380	\$	17,638	\$	7,124	\$	(11,637)	\$ 1,771,505
Liabilities and Net Position									
Current liabilities	\$	317,833	\$	14,313	\$	3	\$	(9,982)	\$ 322,167
Due to affiliates		278		1,235		142		(1,655)	-
Estimated self-insurance costs		1,761		64		-		-	1,825
Lease liabilities, noncurrent		8,638		-		-		-	8,638
Long-term debt		24,764		-		-		-	24,764
Net pension liabilities		23,946		-		-		-	23,946
Other long-term liabilities		6,021		925		-		-	6,946
Total liabilities		383,241		16,537		145		(11,637)	388,286
Deferred inflows of resources Net position		1,873				-	_		 1,873
Net investment in capital assets		211,623		184		_		_	211,807
Restricted expendable		683		_		2,963		_	3,646
Restricted nonexpendable		_		_		403		_	403
Unrestricted		1,160,960		917		3,613			 1,165,490
Total net position		1,373,266		1,101		6,979		-	1,381,346
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources and net position	\$	1,758,380	\$	17,638	\$	7,124	\$	(11,637)	\$ 1,771,505

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

The following tables include condensed combining statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position information for the District and its blended component units for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021:

 September 30, 2022											
Hospital	Α	cclaim	Foundation		Elir	ninations		Total			
\$ 926,045	\$	130,243	\$	70	\$	(80,023)	\$	976,335			
 1,292,265		162,629		2,302		(81,753)		1,375,443			
(366,220)		(32,386)		(2,232)		1,730		(399,108)			
511,023		23		2,152		(1,730)		511,468			
251		-		5		-		256			
 (27,993)		27,993									
117,061		(4,370)		(75)		-		112,616			
 1,373,266		1,101		6,979				1,381,346			
\$ 1,490,327	\$	(3,269)	\$	6,904	\$		\$	1,493,962			
	1,292,265 (366,220) 511,023 251 (27,993) 117,061 1,373,266	\$ 926,045 \$ 1,292,265 \$ (366,220) 511,023 251 (27,993) 117,061 1,373,266	Hospital Acclaim \$ 926,045 \$ 130,243 1,292,265 162,629 (366,220) (32,386) 511,023 23 251 - (27,993) 27,993 117,061 (4,370) 1,373,266 1,101	Hospital Acclaim Formal \$ 926,045 \$ 130,243 \$ 1,292,265 162,629 \$ (366,220) (32,386) \$ 511,023 23 251 - (27,993) 27,993 \$ 117,061 (4,370) \$ 1,373,266 1,101 \$	Hospital Acclaim Foundation \$ 926,045 \$ 130,243 \$ 70 1,292,265 162,629 2,302 (366,220) (32,386) (2,232) 511,023 23 2,152 251 - 5 (27,993) 27,993 - 117,061 (4,370) (75) 1,373,266 1,101 6,979	Hospital Acclaim Foundation Elir \$ 926,045 \$ 130,243 \$ 70 \$ \$ 1,292,265 \$ 162,629 2,302 \$ (366,220) (32,386) (2,232) \$ 511,023 23 2,152 \$ 251 - 5 \$ (27,993) 27,993 - \$ 117,061 (4,370) (75) \$ 1,373,266 1,101 6,979 \$	Hospital Acclaim Foundation Eliminations \$ 926,045 \$ 130,243 \$ 70 \$ (80,023) 1,292,265 162,629 2,302 (81,753) (366,220) (32,386) (2,232) 1,730 511,023 23 2,152 (1,730) 251 - 5 - (27,993) 27,993 - - 117,061 (4,370) (75) - 1,373,266 1,101 6,979 -	Hospital Acclaim Foundation Eliminations \$ 926,045 \$ 130,243 \$ 70 \$ (80,023) \$ 1,292,265 \$ 1,292,265 \$ 162,629 2,302 (81,753) \$ (366,220) \$ (32,386) \$ (2,232) \$ 1,730 \$ 511,023 23 2,152 \$ (1,730) \$ 251 - 5 - \$ (27,993) 27,993 - - \$ 117,061 \$ (4,370) \$ (75) - \$ 1,373,266 \$ 1,101 \$ 6,979 -			

	September 30, 2021 (As Restated)											
	Hospital	Α	Acclaim		Foundation		Eliminations		Total			
Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$ 933,584 1,143,191	\$	127,345 161,814	\$	75 3,014	\$	(78,583) (80,811)	\$	982,421 1,227,208			
Operating income (loss) Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Capital grants and gifts Transfer of net position	 (209,607) 570,320 18 (37,675)		(34,469) 3 - 37,675		(2,939) 3,768 10		2,228 (2,228) -		(244,787) 571,863 28			
Increase in net position	323,056		3,209		839		-		327,104			
Net Position, Beginning of Year	 1,050,210		(2,108)		6,140				1,054,242			
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 1,373,266	\$	1,101	\$	6,979	\$		\$	1,381,346			

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

The following tables include condensed combining statements of cash flows information for the District and its blended component units for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021:

	September 30, 2022											
		Hospital		Acclaim		Foundation		Eliminations		Total		
Net cash provided by (used in)												
Operating activities	\$	(423,053)	\$	(819)	\$	(2,257)	\$	1,730	\$	(424,399)		
Noncapital financing activities		512,417		24		2,784		(1,730)		513,495		
Capital and related financing activities		(34,887)		(78)		-		-		(34,965)		
Investing activities		(237,759)		4		(401)				(238,156)		
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(183,283)		(869)		126		-		(184,026)		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		329,629		1,025		2,501				333,155		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	146,346	\$	156	\$	2,627	\$		\$	149,129		

	September 30, 2021 (As Restated)											
	Hospital		Acclaim		Foundation		Eliminations			Total		
Net cash provided by (used in)												
Operating activities	\$	(229,477)	\$	274	\$	(2,927)	\$	2,228	\$	(229,902)		
Noncapital financing activities		481,995		-		3,314		(2,228)		483,081		
Capital and related financing activities		(38,261)		101		-		-		(38,160)		
Investing activities		(86,191)		_		(1,470)				(87,661)		
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		128,066		375		(1,083)	,	-		127,358		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		201,563		650		3,584				205,797		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	329,629	\$	1,025	\$	2,501	\$	-	\$	333,155		

Note 17: COVID-19 Pandemic & CARES Act Funding

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization designated the SARS-CoV-2 virus and the incidence of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) as a global pandemic.

The extent of the COVID-19 pandemic's adverse effect on the District's operating results and financial condition has been and will continue to be driven by many factors, most of which are beyond the District's control and ability to forecast. Because of these and other uncertainties, the District cannot estimate the length or severity of the effect of the pandemic on the District's business.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Provider Relief Fund

During the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020, the District received \$2,019, \$0 and \$87,959, respectively, of distributions from the *Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security* ("CARES") *Act* Provider Relief Fund. Distributions from the Provider Relief Fund may be retained, provided the District is able to attest to and comply with the terms and conditions of the funding, including demonstrating that the distributions received have been used for qualifying expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19, as defined by the Department of Health and Human Services.

The District is accounting for such payments as conditional contributions. Payments are recognized as nonoperating revenue once the applicable terms and conditions required to retain the funds have been met. Based on an analysis of the compliance and reporting requirements of the Provider Relief Fund and the effect of the pandemic on the District's operating revenues and expenses through September 30, 2022 and 2021, the District recognized \$2,019 and \$87,429, respectively, related to the Provider Relief Fund, and these payments are recorded as nonoperating revenue in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

The District will continue to monitor compliance with the terms and conditions of the Provider Relief Fund and the effect of the pandemic on the District's revenues and expenses. The terms and conditions governing the Provider Relief Funds are complex and subject to interpretation and change. These funds are also subject to government oversight, including potential audits, which could impact the District's ability to retain all of the distributions received.

Medicare Accelerated and Advanced Payment Program

During the year ended September 30, 2020, the District requested accelerated Medicare payments as provided for in the CARES Act, which allows for eligible health care facilities to request up to six months of advance Medicare payments for acute care hospitals or up to three months of advance Medicare payments for other health care providers. These amounts are expected to be recaptured by CMS according to the payback provisions.

During the year ended September 30, 2020, the District received approximately \$49,780 from these accelerated Medicare payment requests. The District did not receive any accelerated Medicare payments in 2022 or 2021.

The payback provisions began one year after the issuance of the advance payment through a phased payback period approach. The first 11 months of the payback period were at 25 percent of the remittance advice payment, followed by a six-month payback period at 50 percent of the remittance advice payment. After 29 months, CMS expects any amount not paid back through the withhold amounts to be paid back in a lump sum or interest will begin to accrue subsequent to the 29 months at a rate of 4 percent.

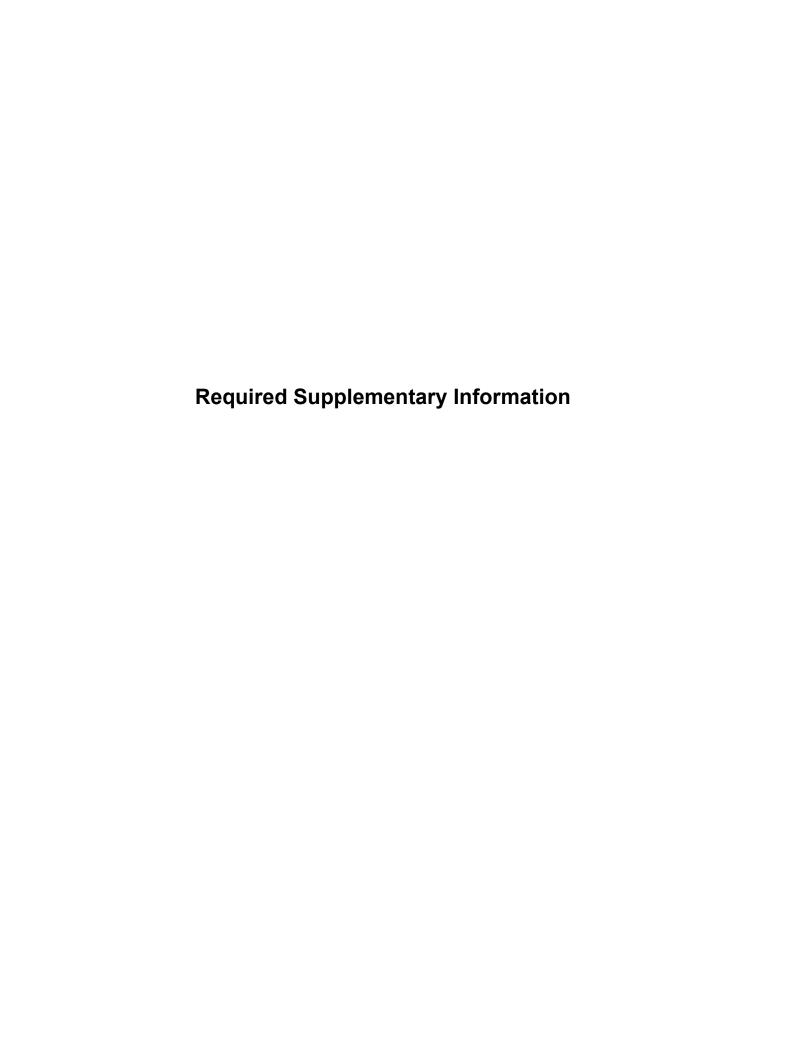
During the year ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, the District repaid approximately \$37,225 and \$12,555 of the accelerated Medicare payments to CMS, respectively. The District's outstanding balance related to the accelerated Medicare payments was \$0 and \$37,225 at September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands)

Note 18: Future Change in Accounting Principle

GASB Statement No. 96 – Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in subscription assets – an intangible asset – and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The requirements of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter.



Schedule of Changes in the District's Net Pension (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios

		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Total Pension Liability																
Service cost	\$	28,335	\$	18,432	\$	17,647	\$	15,429	\$	12,604	\$	12,028	\$	12,181	\$	11,556
Interest on total pension liability	Ψ	25,495	Ψ	23,472	Ψ	21,612	Ψ	19,526	Ψ	17,416	Ψ	15,931	Ψ	14,805	Ψ	12,953
Differences between expected and actual experience		5,978		2,314		1,073		4,775		5,794		1,523		1,720		(717)
Changes of benefit terms		-		200		-		184		-		-,		-,,		-
Changes of assumptions		(2,375)		10,774		(1,028)		8,396		(1,084)		(2,153)		(4,900)		6,650
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(16,330)		(13,021)		(11,805)		(8,577)		(6,590)		(7,210)		(6,069)		(7,021)
Administrative expenses		(1,053)		(1,110)		(942)		(886)		(515)		(496)				
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		40,050		41,061		26,557		38,847		27,625		19,623		17,737		23,421
Total Pension Liability—Beginning		365,454		324,393		297,836		258,989		231,364		211,741		194,004		170,583
Total Pension Liability—Ending (a)	\$	405,504	\$	365,454	\$	324,393	\$	297,836	\$	258,989	\$	231,364	\$	211,741	\$	194,004
Plan Fiduciary Net Position																
Contributions—employer	\$	20,153	\$	18,225	\$	17,281	\$	17,305	\$	14,443	\$	13,579	\$	12,313	\$	11,625
Contributions—employee		5,476		5,258		4,956		2,314		1,933		1,805		1,641		1,575
Net investment income (loss)		82,016		19,485		10,602		25,385		29,994		20,967		(2,629)		20,134
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(16,330)		(13,021)		(11,805)		(8,577)		(6,590)		(7,210)		(6,069)		(7,021)
Administrative expense		(1,053)		(1,110)		(942)		(886)		(515)		(496)		(587)		(407)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		90,262		28,837		20,092		35,541		39,265		28,645		4,669		25,906
Plan Fiduciary Net Position—Beginning		341,508		312,671		292,579		257,038		217,773		189,128		184,459		158,553
Plan Fiduciary Net Position—Ending (b)	\$	431,770	\$	341,508	\$	312,671	\$	292,579	\$	257,038	\$	217,773	\$	189,128	\$	184,459
District's Net Pension Liability—Ending (a) – (b)	\$	(26,266)	\$	23,946	\$	11,722	\$	5,257	\$	1,951	\$	13,591	\$	22,613	\$	9,545
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability Covered-employee Payroll District's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-employee Payroll	\$	106.48% 322,441 -8.15%	\$	93.45% 291,597 8.21%	\$	96.39% 276,493 4.24%	\$	98.23% 256,366 2.05%	\$	99.25% 213,963 0.91%	\$	94.13% 201,170 6.76%	\$	89.32% 182,418 12.40%	\$	95.08% 178,847 5.34%

Notes to Schedule:

Changes of assumptions:

1) Updated mortality projection to Scale MP-2021, retirement rates, withdrawal rates and earnings progression assumption.

Changes in benefit terms:

1) Updated benefit factor, effective October 1, 2021, for one senior executive

This schedule is presented as of October 1, which is the measurement date.

Schedule of District Contributions Year Ended September 30, 2022

(In Thousands)

Year Ending September 30,	det	tuarially ermined tribution	relat act det	ibutions in tion to the tuarially ermined tribution	defic	bution iency ess)	er	overed- nployee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		
2022	\$	20,425	\$	20,425	\$	-	\$	326,804	6.25%		
2021		20,153		20,153		-		322,441	6.25%		
2020		18,225		18,225		-		291,597	6.25%		
2019		17,281		17,281		-		276,493	6.25%		
2018		17,305		17,305		-		256,366	6.75%		
2017		14,443		14,443		-		213,963	6.75%		
2016		13,579		13,579		-		201,170	6.75%		
2015		12,313		12,313		-		182,418	6.75%		
2014		11,625		11,625		_		178,847	6.50%		

Notes to Schedule:

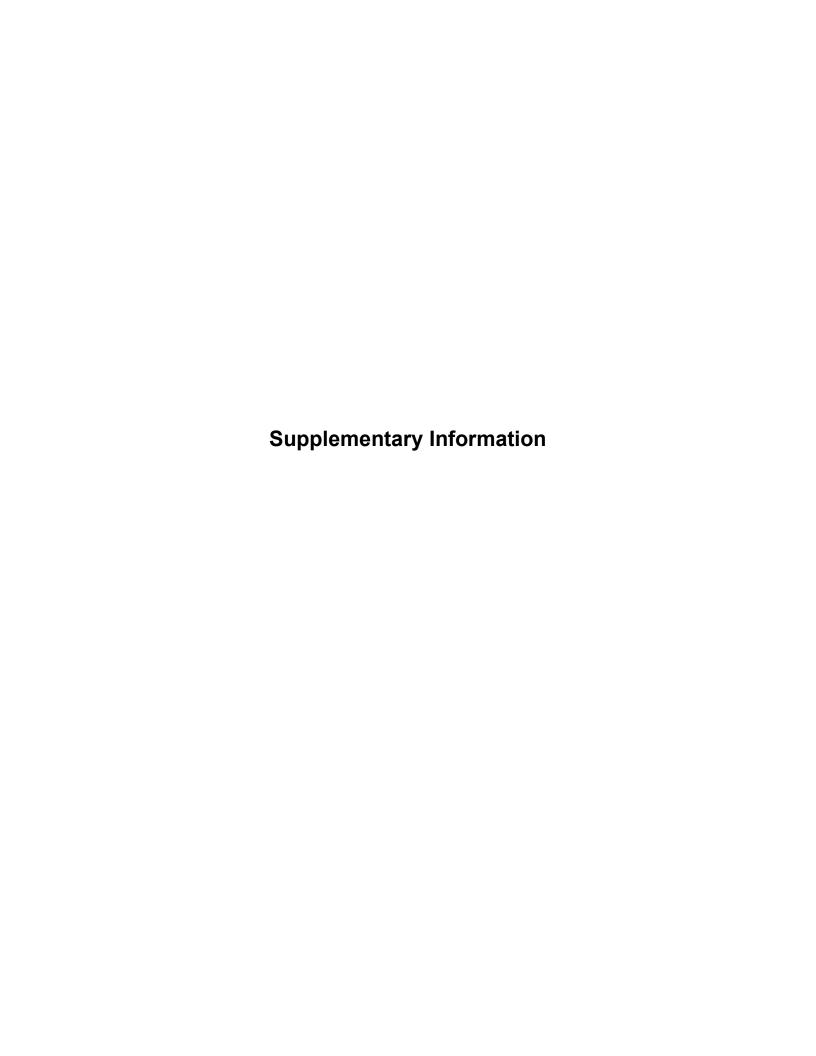
Valuation date: October 1 of respective year

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, which is the most recent valuation date prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	"Closed group" level dollar of payroll
Remaining amortization period	2 years at October 1, 2021; recalculated annually; employer contribution rate constant unless amortization period > 25 years or ≤ 0 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	5.23%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.75% net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Retirement age	63 (average)
Mortality	Pri-2012 Total Dataset Mortality Table, Projected from the 2012 base year using the MP-2021 mortality improvement scale

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available. All amounts are in thousands unless otherwise indicated.



Combining Schedule – Balance Sheet Information September 30, 2022

(In Thousands)

Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources

	Hospital		Acclaim		Fou	ındation	Elim	inations	Total	
Current Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	113,371	\$	156	\$	1,720	\$	-	\$ 115,247	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		32,975		-		-		-	32,975	
Short-term investments		849,996		-		255		-	850,251	
Patient accounts receivable, net		66,074		4,332		-		(2,571)	67,835	
Property taxes receivable, net		2,582		-		-		-	2,582	
Supplemental Medicaid funding receivable		96,286		483		-		-	96,769	
Internally designated for self-insurance, current portion		200		-		-		-	200	
Due from third-party payers		23,158		-		-		-	23,158	
Supplies inventory		15,738		-		-		-	15,738	
Prepaid expenses and other assets		19,938		7,043		99		(5,221)	 21,859	
Total current assets		1,220,318		12,014		2,074		(7,792)	1,226,614	
Due from Affiliates		1,345		173		18		(1,536)	 -	
Noncurrent Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments										
Internally designated for debt service		708		-		-		_	708	
Internally designated for self-insurance		12,603		-		-		-	12,603	
Restricted by donors for capital acquisitions and										
specific operating activities		-		-		2,800		-	2,800	
Internally designated for capital acquisitions and										
operating activities		232,519		-		-		-	232,519	
Noncurrent investments		-				2,155		-	 2,155	
Total noncurrent cash, cash equivalents										
and investments		245,830				4,955			 250,785	
Capital Assets, Net		232,760		393					233,153	
Lease Assets, Net		8,549		2,230					10,779	
		ŕ		2,230						
Leases Receivable		953		-		-		-	953	
Net Pension Asset		26,266							 26,266	
Total assets		1,736,021		14,810		7,047		(9,328)	1,748,550	
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension Related		34,982				<u>-</u>			 34,982	
Total assets and deferred										
outflows of resources	\$	1,771,003	\$	14,810	\$	7,047	\$	(9,328)	\$ 1,783,532	

Combining Schedule – Balance Sheet Information (Continued)
September 30, 2022

(In Thousands)

Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position

and Net Position											
		Hospital	Acclaim		Foundation		Eliminations			Total	
Current Liabilities											
Accounts payable	\$	84,539	\$	2,667	\$	1	\$	(7,792)	\$	79,415	
Accrued expenses		63,504		10,643		20		-		74,167	
Intergovernmental transfer obligation		33,024		-		-		-		33,024	
Due to third-party payers		300		-		-		-		300	
Current portion of lease liabilities		2,348		273		-		-		2,621	
Current portion of self-insurance costs		6,409		50		-		-		6,459	
Current maturities of long-term debt		5,297					-			5,297	
Total current liabilities		195,421		13,633		21		(7,792)		201,283	
Due to Affiliates		186		1,228		122		(1,536)		-	
Estimated Self-insurance Costs		1,955		144		-		-		2,099	
Lease Liabilities, Noncurrent		6,477		1,962		-		-		8,439	
Long-term Debt		19,441		-		-		-		19,441	
Other Long-term Liabilities		10,239		1,112						11,351	
Total liabilities		233,719		18,079		143		(9,328)		242,613	
Deferred Inflows of Resources											
Pension related		46,027		-		_		_		46,027	
Leases		930				-				930	
Total deferred inflows of resources		46,957								46,957	
Net Position											
Net investment in capital assets		205,719		388		-		-		206,107	
Restricted expendable		708		-		2,367		-		3,075	
Restricted nonexpendable		-		-		395		-		395	
Restricted for pension		26,266								26,266	
Unrestricted		1,257,634		(3,657)		4,142		<u>-</u>	-	1,258,119	
Total net position		1,490,327		(3,269)	-	6,904				1,493,962	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of											
resources and net position	\$	1,771,003	\$	14,810	\$	7,047	\$	(9,328)	\$	1,783,532	

Combining Schedule – Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Information Year Ended September 30, 2022

(In Thousands)

	Hospital	Acclaim	Foundation	Eliminations	Total
Operating Revenues	·				_
Net patient service revenue	\$ 596,187	\$ 75,707	\$ -	\$ (31,927)	\$ 639,967
Supplemental Medicaid funding	229,605	-	-	-	229,605
Other operating revenue	100,253	54,536	70_	(48,096)	106,763
Total operating revenues	926,045	130,243	70	(80,023)	976,335
Operating Expenses					
Salaries and related expenses	683,993	146,461	454	(490)	830,418
Professional fees and purchased services	274,217	12,412	279	(81,851)	205,057
Supplies	240,198	661	196	-	241,055
Depreciation and amortization	41,687	131	-	-	41,818
Other	52,170	2,964	1,373	588	57,095
Total operating expenses	1,292,265	162,629	2,302	(81,753)	1,375,443
Operating Income (Loss)	(366,220)	(32,386)	(2,232)	1,730	(399,108)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Property tax revenue	513,773	-	-	-	513,773
Provider Relief Fund revenue	2,019	-	-	-	2,019
Contribution revenue	311	24	2,784	(1,730)	1,389
Interest expense	(1,002)	(5)	-	-	(1,007)
Investment return and other	(4,078)	4	(632)		(4,706)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	511,023	23	2,152	(1,730)	511,468
Income (Loss) Before Capital Grants and					
Gifts and Transfers	144,803	(32,363)	(80)	-	112,360
Transfer of Net Position	(27,993)	27,993	-	-	-
Capital Grants and Gifts	251		5		256
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	117,061	(4,370)	(75)	-	112,616
Net Position, Beginning of Year	1,373,266	1,101	6,979		1,381,346
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 1,490,327	\$ (3,269)	\$ 6,904	\$ -	\$ 1,493,962